

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FI	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/814,100	10/814,100 03/31/2004		Mark Douglass	D-1224 R1	5175
28995	7590	07/01/2005		EXAMINER	
RALPH E. walker & joo			TAYLOR, APRIL ALICIA		
231 SOUTH		WAY	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
MEDINA OH 44256				2076	

DATE MAILED: 07/01/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
		10/814,100	DOUGLASS, MARK	,
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
		April A. Taylor	2876	
Period 1	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap for Reply	ppears on the cover shee	et with the correspondence addi	'ess
A SI THE - Ext afte - If th - If N - Fai Any	HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION, ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. er SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication, re period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reploperiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period lure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statuty reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailined patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, m ply within the statutory minimum of d will apply and will expire SIX (6) te, cause the application to becor	ay a reply be timely filed of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. MONTHS from the mailing date of this com ne ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	munication.
Status				
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 L	December 2004.		
2a)[_	•	is action is non-final.		
3)				nerits is
	closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935	C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposi	tion of Claims			
5)□ 6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-57</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-5,40 and 41</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) <u>6-39 and 42-57</u> is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration		
Applica	tion Papers			
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examin The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	cepted or b) objected or b) objected or b) objected or awing(s) be held in abottion is required if the draw	eyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). ving(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR	
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
, ,	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	nts have been received. Its have been received Drity documents have beau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	in Application No een received in this National S	tage
Attachme ₄1) ⊠ Noti	nt(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) ☐ Intervi	ew Summary (PTO-413)	
2)	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 er No(s)/Mail Date	Paper 5) D Notice	No(s)/Mail Date of Informal Patent Application (PTO-1	52)

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)

Art Unit: 2876

DETAILED ACTION

1. Receipt is acknowledged of the Amendment filed 30 December 2004.

Claim Objections

2. Claims 45-52 are objected to because of the following informalities:

Re claim 45: Substitute "on controller" with -- one controller -- (see line 2).

Appropriate correction is required.

(Note: Claims 46-52 are objected to since they are dependent upon an objected claim)

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35
U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this
Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 4. Claim 41 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Andersen et al (US 2003/0057271) (hereinafter Andersen).

Anderson teaches an apparatus including an ATM user card including a RFID tag having data corresponding to a user bank account information and a user input. The apparatus further includes an ATM machine including a currency dispenser; a RFID reader; and a controller in operative connection with the RFID

Art Unit: 2876

reader and the currency dispenser, wherein the controller is operative to use tag data read from card in carrying out a transaction including operation of the currency dispenser (see figure 5; and paragraphs 38-39).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1-5 and 40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Andersen et al (US 2003/0057271) (hereinafter Andersen) in view of Lee et al (US 6,824,049) (hereinafter Lee).

Andersen teaches an ATM machine having a currency dispenser; a user card receiving slot; a card reader configured to read data from a magnetic memory strip of an ATM card or a radio frequency identification (RFID) memory of an ATM card; wherein the machine is operative to use data read from a user card in carrying out a transaction including operation of the currency dispenser. (see figure 5; and paragraphs 38-39)

Andersen fails to specifically teach or fairly suggest wherein the ATM machine includes both a magnetic strip reader and a RFID reader, and wherein the RFID reader is positioned adjacent to the magnetic stripe reader and the slot.

Lee teaches a point of sale system including a transaction settlement terminal having a radio frequency card recognition unit 235 positioned adjacent

Art Unit: 2876

to a magnetic card recognition unit and a slot; wherein the radio frequency card recognition unit is operative to read data from a radio frequency card inserted into the slot; and a controller in operative communication with both the magnetic card recognition unit and the radio frequency recognition unit (see figure 4; col. 5, line 21 to col. 6, line 16).

In view of Lee's teaching, it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ a machine having both a magnetic stripe reader and a RFID reader to the teachings of Andersen in order to provide a machine that is capable of communicating with both conventional magnetic cards and non-contact cards having a radio frequency interface so that a user is able to use the machine with more than one type of card. Furthermore, it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to position the RFID reader adjacent to the magnetic stripe reader and the slot so that the user can easily locate the RFID reader.

Re claim 40: Andersen as modified by Lee fails to specifically teach or fairly suggest wherein the RFID tag is releasably attached to the card. It would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ a card having a releasably attached RFID tag, since applicant has not disclosed that attaching a releasably RFID tag to a card solves any stated problem or is for any particular purpose and it appears that the invention would perform equally well with either feature. Thus, it would have been an obvious expedient to provide a card having a releasably attached RFID

Art Unit: 2876

tag, as it would have been a matter of a design choice of the manufacturer.

Allowable Subject Matter

- 7. Claims 6-39 and 42-57 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 8. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: The prior art of record, taken alone or in combination, fail to teach or fairly suggest, in conjunction with other limitations in the claims an ATM machine including a controller that is operative to determine if at least a portion of the stripe data and at least a portion of the tag data have a predetermined relationship and is operative to cause the magnetic stripe reader and the RFID reader to respectively read stripe data from the stripe and tag data from the tag.

Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 2, and 41 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

- 10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Mori (US 6,338,048) discloses an electronic transaction system.
- 11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to April A. Taylor whose telephone number is

Art Unit: 2876

(571) 272-2403. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday from 6:30AM - 4:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael G. Lee can be reached on (571) 272-2398. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Communications via Internet e-mail regarding this application, other than those under 35 U.S.C. 132 or which otherwise require a signature, may be used by the applicant and should be addressed to [april.taylor@uspto.gov].

All Internet e-mail communications will be made of record in the application file. PTO employees do not engage in Internet communications where there exists a possibility that sensitive information could be identified or exchanged unless the record includes a properly signed express waiver of the confidentiality requirements of 35 U.S.C. 122. This is more clearly set forth in the Interim Internet Usage Policy published in the official Gazette of the Patent and Trademark on February 25, 1997 at 1195 OG 89.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pairdirect.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (tollfree).

27 June 2005

DANIEL STCYR PRIMARY EXAMINER